THE Numb. 38.

# VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

*Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.*

From Friday, April 15, to Friday, April 22, 1737.

*I receiv'd the following Letter from Col.* Conway, *ſoon after the Death of Sir* John Randolph; *and deferr'd the Publication of it, till I heard further from him, believing the whole Affair wou'd then have ceas'd, and knowing that Col.* Spotſwood *had declin'd publiſhing ſeveral Remarks on Sir* John's *laſt Letter, when he was inform'd Sir* John *lay dangerouſly ill. But Col.* Conway *thinking it neceſſary to vindicate himſelf, in his Proceedings, as a Member of the Aſſembly, from the Complaints of Col.* Spotſwood, *to the World, deſires it may be publiſh'd; and therefore I give it a Place in my Paper.*

Mr. *Parks*,

I deſire you to publiſh in your next Paper, the following Narrative, and you will oblige,

Sir, Your humble Servant,

EDWIN CONWAY.

*A HINT to diſcover a few of Col.* Spotſwood's *Proceedings.*

COL. *Spotſwood* was Governor of *Virginia* about Twelve Years; in which Time, he ſummon'd Five ſeveral Aſſemblies, which held Ten Seſſions: The Firſt met in *October* 1710, which he diſſolved on a ſudden, in 1711, to prevent the Burgeſſes Vindication appearing on their Journal, againſt his Speech of the 28th of *January*; wherein he accuſed them of Injuſtice, Ignorance, and Obſtinacy: A Committee, by Order of the Houſe, conſidered his Speech, and their Clerk took Memorandums of their Anſwer to each Paragraph, and was order'd to put 'em in Form, to be reported to the Houſe next Day; which gave Time for the Governor to hear of the Subſtance of their Anſwer; upon which he took the Advantage, and diſſolved the Aſſembly.

The next Aſſembly met in *October* 1712, and held Three Seſſions, annually one; they made ſeveral Laws very pleaſing to the Governor, and was diſſolved by the Death of Queen *Anne*.

The third Aſſembly met in *Auguſt* 1715, who diſpleaſed the Governor, by attempting to repeal ſome of the Laws, made by the Aſſembly before this; which were repealed by the King ſoon after. The Governor ſent a Meſſage to the Houſe, wherein he very much abuſed the Burgeſſes, for offering to repeal thoſe righteous Laws, that he had ſo great a Hand in; upon which they enter'd their Vindication on their Journal, in Reſolves, which were inſerted before the Governor cou'd know their Contents, for fear he ſhould take the Advantage to diſſolve 'em, as he did in the Year 1711; but then he took another Advantage, he made a long ridiculing Speech, and at the End of the Thirty Second Paragraph, he diſſolved the Aſſembly.

The fourth Aſſembly met in *April* 1718, and finding the Governor's diſſolving Speech added to the Burgeſſes Journal, ſent for the Quondam Clerk, to examine him how he came to make that Speech a Part of the Burgeſſes Journal? He anſwer'd, that he did it by the Governor's Order. This Aſſembly pleaſed the Governor no better than the Third; he gave 'em Leave to adjourn to the 10th Day *July*; and when they met, he immediately Prorogued them; and they met again in *November*, the ſame Year; and finding the Governor perſevered in his unjuſt Proceedings, they complained to the King, "That he had made ſeveral Attempts towards "the Subverſion of the Conſtitution of our Govern-"ment, the Depriving us of our Ancient Rights and "Priviledges, and many Hardſhips which he daily "exerciſed on His Majeſty's good Subjects of this Co-"lony," as you may read in the Addreſs to the King, dated the 20th of *November*, 1718. One of the Particulars they charge him with, in their Inſtructions to their Agent, I inſert, to diſcover how diſagreeable his Accounts were to the Houſe; tho' he brags, in his Anſwer to Sir *John Randolph*, that they paid off all his Exceedings without making any Objection againſt his Accounts, *viz.* "his Conſtruction of the Law for fi-"niſhing the Governor's Houſe, whereby he laviſhes a-"way the Country's Money, contrary to the Intent of "that Law, and even beyond what the Words of the "Law will bear; and hath hitherto refuſed any Re-"dreſs therein."

The fifth Aſſembly met in *November* 1720, at which Time I was not a Member of the Houſe of Burgeſſes, that being the only Aſſembly I have been abſent, ſince the firſt Arrival of Col. *Spotſwood*, to this preſent Time.

Sir *John Randolph*, in his Vindication of the Burgeſſes Proceeding laſt Seſſion, againſt Col. *Spotſwood*, has traced the Affair relating to the Complaint of the County of *Brunſwick* againſt him, from that Year 1720, in order to diſcover the Foundation of the Burgeſſes Reſolve, in 1736; neceſſarily made, to put a Period to the Trouble of the repeated Complaint, ſo often made againſt Col. *Spotſwood*, by the Repreſentatives of *Brunſwick* County; therefore I think it needleſs to trouble the Reader with a Repetition of what Sir *John* has writ: I can juſtly concur with him, who did his Duty in Vindicating ſo juſt a Proceeding of a Houſe of Burgeſſes, whereof he was Speaker: But what can I expect, when I conſider how baſely he has ridiculed that Eminent and Worthy Gentleman? Shall not I ſhare in the ſame Fate? However it may be, my Zeal for Truth and Juſtice, makes me deſpiſe the Danger.

Col. *Spotſwood*, in his Anſwer to Sir *John*, ſays, "That immediately after paſſing the ſaid Act, in 1720, "he wrote to *London*, to provide 600 Firelocks, Bay-"onets, and Cartouch Boxes; the one Half to be "marked with the Name of *Spotſylvania*, and the "other Half with that of *Brunſwick*." Why then were they not delivered before *Auguſt* 1736? He owns, that he received the Money to pay for 'em, in 1722: Is it not ſtrange then, that the Aſſembly ſhou'd have the Trouble of ſo many Complaints about the Arms for *Brunſwick*? And is it not more ſtrange, that he ſhould complain to the World againſt the Burgeſſes, for Reſolving that an Action ſhou'd be commenc'd againſt him, for the Money he had received 14 Years before, to buy Arms for the People of *Brunſwick*, if they be not delivered by next *June*? They never demanded ſo much as One Penny Intereſt for the 14 Years Uſe of the Money, tho' he had been allowed 10 *per Cent.* Commiſſion, for buying the Arms: Can he fairly pretend to juſtify his Delay, and claim the Honour of Governing this Colony 12 Years, with Approbation?

Can Col. *Spotſwood* imagine, that every one has forgot how he troubled the Country, in 1711, with ſtrange Alarms; and quarrelled with the Burgeſſes, and abuſed them,

them, becauſe they cou'd not humour him; and diſſolve 'em ſuddenly, to prevent their Vindication appearing on their Journal, againſt him?

Can he think that none remembers how he abuſed the Burgeſſes in 1715, when he encouraged ſeveral Perſons to affront, and deſpite 'em, and denied his Aſſiſtance to the Houſe?

Can he think none remembers the *Queries* he had printed, and diſperſ'd about the Country, to deterr the County Courts from levying the Burgeſſes Wages, ſettled by Law, as well as by the conſtant Cuſtom of the Country?

Can he think none remembers how unhandſomely he treated the Burgeſſes, for enquiring whether the Governor's Houſe was finiſhed, or if not, how much Money wou'd be neceſſary to finiſh it?

Or, can he think every one has forgot that it was repreſented to the Burgeſſes, that there was but a Trifle to be done, to finiſh the Governor's Houſe, when they diſcharged the Overſeer, and ſubmitted the Work to the Governor's Care; for, before he took Charge of the Work, the Country had paid above Six Thouſand Six Hundred Pounds, and the major Part of it equal to *Sterling* Money, being paid before Money was enhanced: And that the Burgeſſes refuſed to paſs his Account in 1718, which diſcover'd his Deſign to ſpend Ten times as much Money, as was thought neceſſary, when the Work was firſt put under the Governor's Care?

I cou'd mention more Particulars of his Mal-Adminiſtration; but I think theſe are ſufficient to demonſtrate, that the Miniſtry at Home muſt needs be deceived, by a Miſ-repreſentation of Col. *Sportſwood*'s Behaviour; or elſe they never could entirely approve of his Twelve Years Adminiſtration, as he brags they did, in his Complaint againſt the Burgeſſes, publiſh'd in the *Philadelphia News-Paper*, the 30th of *September* laſt.

And now I ſubmit it to all impartial Men, to determine who is in the wrong, Col. *Sportſwood*, or the Burgeſſes.

Is it poſſible Col. *Sportſwood* cou'd be diſappointed 14 Years, if he had been in Earneſt; what Man cou'd be ſo unfortunate? He ſays, he expected to be charged for the Arms, in his next Account Current after 1721, and therefore took the Money into his Hands in 1722.

*N. B.* The Sum remaining in the Hands of Col. *Sportſwood*, was 239 l. 17 s. after the 10 *per Cent.* Commiſſion, for buying the Arms, was deducted; ſo that the Ballance of the Principal Sum remaining in his Hands, was 266 l. 10 s. *Virginia* Money, which he received in 1722, when 15 *per Cent.* made *Virginia* Money of equal Value to *Sterling*. Therefore his Bills ought to have been for 221 l. 14 s. 9 d. for which he tender'd only 191 l. 17 s. 8 d. which is 39 l. 17 s. 1 d. ſhort of paying the principal Sum he detain'd ſo long in his Hands.

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*London, January*, 15. Between Seven and Eight o' Clock this Morning, the Guns were fir'd at the Tower and St. James's Park, to give Notice of his Majeſty's Landing, which 'tis ſaid was Yeſterday in the Afternoon at Leoſtoff, Eight Miles from Yarmouth, and at Two o'Clock this Afternoon he arrived at his Palace at St. James's. His Majeſty ſet out for Hanover on Saturday the 22d of May laſt; and laſt Tueſday was Five Weeks he ſet out from Hanover on his Return, and hath been detain'd on the Coaſt of Holland Five Weeks Yeſterday.

*From the London Gazette. St. James's, Jan.* 18.

THIS Day the Lord Mayor and Court of Aldermen, of the City of London, waited on his Majeſty, to congratulate him on his ſafe Arrival, being introduc'd by his Grace the Duke of Grafton, Lord Chamberlain of his Majeſty's Houſhold; and Mr. Baron Thomſon, their Recorder, made their Compliments in the following Speech.

'Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

'THE Lord Mayor and Court of Aldermen of the City of London, moſt humbly entreat your Majeſty's Permiſſion, to congratulate your Majeſty on your ſafe Return to Great Britain.

'Your Preſence, Sir, diſpels all thoſe Anxieties and 'Fears for your Welfare, which your Abſence occaſioned; 'your People are animated with freſh Joy, to find themſelves again under your Majeſty's immediate Influence 'and Protection; and nothing could have alleviated the 'Want of that Bleſſing, but the mild and prudent Adminiſtration of your Majeſty's Royal Conſort.

'Theſe your Majeſty's moſt faithful and dutiful Subjects, being ſenſible of their Happineſs, in the full Enjoyment of all their Liberties, Rights and Privileges, 'during the whole Courſe of your Majeſty's Reign, and 'having a firm Reliance on your Majeſty's Vigilance 'and Care for their future Welfare and Proſperity, beg 'Leave to tender their grateful Acknowledgments, and 'to aſſure your Majeſty of their moſt affectionate Zeal, 'for the Support of your Royal Perſon and Government upon all Occaſions.

To which his Majeſty was pleaſed to return this moſt gracious Anſwer.

'I Thank you for this freſh Inſtance of your Duty 'and Affection to my Perſon and Government. You 'may depend upon the Continuance of my Care, to 'preſerve the Peace and Tranquility, and to promote 'the Trade and Welfare of this great and flouriſhing 'City.

They all had the Honour to kiſs his Majeſty's Hand, and his Majeſty was pleas'd confer the Honour of Knighthood on George Champion and John Lequeſne, Aldermen; and on William Rous and Benjamin Rawlins, the two Sheriffs.

They were afterwards introduc'd to her Majeſty, by the Right Hon. the Earl of Grantham, her Majeſty's Lord Chamberlain; and Mr. Baron Thomſon made their Compliments to her Majeſty, as followeth:

'May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

'THE Lord Mayor and Court of Aldermen of the City of London, humbly beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty on the King's ſafe Arrival.

'Tis with grateful Hearts that theſe his Majeſty's moſt 'faithful Subjects preſume to offer their humble Acknowledgments to your Majeſty, for your juſt and prudent 'Adminiſtration during his Majeſty's Abſence.

'To your Wiſdom and Conduct, Madam, we owe the 'allaying all Diſcontents, and the ſuppreſſing all publick 'Diſorders. And whatever Diviſions may happen, the 'People ſtill univerſally confeſs your Majeſty's Goodneſs, 'your Piety, and all thoſe Virtues which make your 'Royal Example a Pattern to this Age, and muſt have 'a happy Influence for the Benefit of Poſterity.

To which her Majeſty was pleaſed to return a moſt gracious Anſwer; and they all had the Honour to kiſs her Majeſty's Hand.

The Right Hon. Sir John Thomſon, Knt. Lord Mayor, attended by the following Aldermen, went up with the Addreſs to his Majeſty, *viz.* Baylis, Billers, Bellamy, Aſſop, Barnard, Lombe, Champion Salter, Heathcote, Lequeſne and Willimot; Hon. Baron Thomſon, Recorder; William Rous, Eſq; and Benjamin Rawlins, Eſq; Sheriffs; John Boſworth, Eſq; Chamberlain; and Tho. Jackſon, Eſq; Town Clerk.

*London, Feb.* 1. Laſt Saturday died, in the 71 Year of his Age, at his Houſe in Albemarle-ſtreet, the Right Hon. George Hamilton, Earl of Orkerey, one of the Sixteen Peers for Scotland, Governor of Virginia, Conſtable, Governor, and Captain of Edinburgh Caſtle, Knight of the moſt Antient and moſt Honourable Order of the Thiſtle, one of the Field Marſhals of all and ſingular his Majeſty's Forces, as well Horſe as Foot, and Colonel of a Regiment of Foot. This Noble Lord was younger Brother to James, late Duke of Hamilton, and Brandon, and to the preſent Earl of Selkirk, and Uncle to the preſent Duke of Hamilton, and elder Brother to Lord Archibald Hamilton, one of the Lords

of the Admiralty. His Lordſhip took very early to Arms, was made a Colonel, March 1, 1689-90, and Jan. 12, 1695 6, was created Earl of Orkney, on Account of his perſonal Merit and Bravery, &c. He was in the Battles of Boyne, Athlone, Limerick, Achrim, Steinkirk, Leiden, Namure, and Blenheim; and was a great Favorite with that Immortal Prince King William III. In the firſt Year of Queen Anne, he was made a Major-General, and Jan. 1703 4, Lieutenant General, and the February following, made a Knight of the Thiſtle, and ſerv'd with great Reputation in all the Wars in her Reign, and has ſerv'd as one of the Sixteen Peers, in moſt of the Parliaments ſince the Union; and by the late King was made one of the Lords of the Bedchamber, which Place he held ſome Time, and Governor of Virginia. He married 1695, Elizabeth, Daughter to Sir Edward Villiers, Knt. (Maid of Honour to Queen Mary) Siſter to Edward, Earl of Jerſey, by whom he had Three Daughters, Lady Anne, married to the preſent Earl of Inchequin; Lady Frances, married to Sir Thomas Sanderſon, Knight of the Bath, Knight of the Shire of Lincoln, and Brother to the Earl of Scarborough; and Lady Harriot, married to the preſent Earl of Orrery; ſhe died at Cork, Auguſt 1752.

By his Lordſhip's Death the Title is extinct; but a very large Fortune deſcends to his Co-heirs, and their Iſſue.

We hear that the Right Hon. the Lord Delawar, will be appointed Governor of Virginia, in the Room of the late Earl of Orkeney.

*London, Feb.* 3. On Tueſday, both Houſes of Parliament met at Weſtminſter, purſuant to their laſt Prorogation, and by Virtue of a Commiſſion under the Great Seal, ſign'd by his Majeſty, directed to the Lord Chancellor, the Earl of Wilmington, Preſident of the Council, and others; and the ſaid Commiſſioners being ſeated on a Form on the lower Step of the Throne in their Robes, being cover'd, and the reſt of the Lords preſent in their Robes, the Commons were ſent for by Sir Charles Dalton, Gentleman-Uſher of the Black Rod; and being come to the Bar with their Speaker, his Majeſty's Commiſſion was read; after which the Lord Chancellor, by Virtue of the ſaid Commiſſion, read his Majeſty's Speech, (*which are printed in our laſt*) and the Commons being return'd, they proceeded on Buſineſs.

The ſame Day the Right Hon. the Lord Carberlough, in the Kingdom of Ireland, took his Seat and the Oaths in the Houſe of Peers, in the Room of his Brother, deceas'd, as Earl of Weſtmoreland.

As did alſo the Earl of Broadalbine, as one of the Sixteen Peers, to repreſent the Peerage of Scotland in Parliament, in the Room of the Earl of Balcarras, deceas'd.

Likewiſe the Right Rev. Dr. Maddox, as Biſhop of St. Aſaph, in the Room of Dr. Tanner, deceas'd.

As alſo the Earl of Darnly, in the Kingdom of Ireland, as Baron of Clifton, in Right of his Mother, Daughter of the late Earl of Clarendon.

*London, Feb.* 5. On Thurſday the Houſe of Lords waited on His Majeſty at St. James's, with a moſt dutiful and loial Addreſs; to which his Majeſty was pleaſed to return the following moſt gracious Anſwer:

*I Thank you for this dutiful and loyal Addreſs.*

*The Affection you ſhew to My Perſon and Government gives Me the greateſt Satisfaction.*

*My principal Care is to ſecure to My People the Bleſſings of Peace, and the full and undiſturbed Enjoyment of all their Civil and Religious Rights; and to preſerve the Tranquility and good Order of the Kingdom.*

*The Continuance of the good Harmony between Me and My Parliament will enable Me to purſue with Effect theſe great and deſirable Ends.*

On Thurſday the Hon. Houſe of Commons, by a Committee appointed for that Purpoſe, waited on his Majeſty with their moſt dutiful and loial Addreſs of Thanks for his Majeſty's moſt gracious Speech from the Throne; to which he was pleas'd to return the following Anſwer by Mr. Chancellor of the Exchequer.

*I Return this Houſe my Thanks for their moſt dutiful and loial Addreſs, and ſhall always eſteem their Zeal and Affection for my Perſon and Government, as the beſt and moſt acceptable Return for my conſtant Endeavours to render this Nation happy and flouriſhing both at home and abroad.*

*His Majeſty relies upon the Wiſdom of His Parliament, to frame ſuch Laws as ſhall be neceſſary to ſtrengthen and ſupport the Authority of his Government, in preſerving the publick Tranquility, and ſecuring the Rights and Properties of his People; and his faithful Commons may depend upon him for a juſt and due Execution of them.*

Brigadier-General Kane, Governor of the Iſland of Minorca, died there laſt December; and his Majeſty has been pleas'd to appoint Brigadier General Hargrave to ſucceed him in the ſaid Government, and all his other Employments.

The many Delays, and great Reluctancy of the Spaniards to make Reſtitution for the Damages ſuſtain'd by our Merchants from the plundering of their Ships by the Spaniſh Guard de Coſta's, together with the preſent uncertain State of Affairs, have render'd Commerce ſo precarious, that Three of our moſt worthy Merchants have this Week, ſignify'd to their Tradeſmen, that they are not to expect any Orders from them for this Spring Trade, they being reſolv'd not to venture their Fortunes by Sea, till they can be ſecure from the Inſults of a People who have not good Nature enough to profeſs themſelves Friends, nor Courage enough to declare themſelves open Enemies to the Subjects of Great-Britain.

To morrow Morning the Corpſe of the late Earl of Orkney, is to be carried from his late Dwelling-houſe in Albemarle ſtreet, in order to be interred that Evening in the Burial-Vault of his Family at Taplow, in the County of Bucks: His Lordſhip has left the major Part of his Eſtate to his eldeſt Daughter, the Counteſs of Inchequin.

Our private Letters from the South of France all adviſe, that the Right Hon. Henry St. John, late Lord Viſcount Bollingbroke, is fully determin'd to end his Days in that Country; and that his Lordſhip is writing an elaborate Hiſtory of his own Times, regarding particularly the Affairs of his native Country: An Author thus furniſhed with all the Requiſites and Abilities, equal to ſo arduous a Task, hath already vaſtly rais'd the Expectation of the polite World; but whether this great Work will appear, during the Life of that Gentleman, is as yet uncertain, tho' in all Probility, it will ſoon after.

The Phyſicians have given their Opinion, that it will be adviſeable for his Majeſty to continue at St. James's; there being no Occaſion for removing to another Air.

*Williamsburg, April* 22. On *Monday* laſt about Two o'Clock in the Morning, Mr. *Heylin*'s Houſe in *Glouceſter* Town, was robb'd by an *Indian* Servant of his, and a Mulatto Fellow belonging to Col. *Lewis*. They took away a Pair of Piſtols, a Horſe-Whip, and broke open a Trunk, out of which they ſtole ſome Clothes. They were ſeen the ſame Day about Eleven o'Clock, going up *King and Queen*. The *Indian* rode a Grey Stallion which he took belonging to his Maſter, and the Mulatto a Bay Horſe, which belongs to Col. *Lewis*. They are ſuppoſed to be gone towards the Mountains, and from thence either to *New York*, or *North-Carolina*. It is to be hoped that any Gentleman who meets with them will have them ſecured in order to their being brought to Juſtice, that Others, by their Puniſhment, may be deterr'd from the like daring Inſolence.

We hear from *Norfolk*, That *David Oſheall*, Eſq; is choſen Recorder of that Borough, in the room of Sir *John Randolph*, Knt. deceas'd.

Since our laſt, Capt. *Turner* is arrived in *James*-River, from *London*.

We hear from *Rappahanock*, That Capt. *Dove*, in the Ship *Charles*, is arrived there from *London*.

*We are oblig'd to defer publiſhing the Remainder of the* Toy-ſhop *till our next Gazette, not having Room in this.*

*ADVER.*

## ADVERTISEMENTS.

THIS is to give Notice, That on the North Side of James River, near the Uppermost Landing, and a little below the Falls, is lately laid off by Major Mayo, a Town, called Richmond, with Streets 65 Feet wide, in a pleasant and healthy Situation, and well supply'd with Springs of good Water. It lies near the Publick Warehouse at Shoccoe's, and in the midst of great Quantities of Grain, and all kind of Provisions. The Lots will be granted in Fee Simple, on Condition only of building a House in Three Years Time, of 24 by 16 Feet, fronting within 5 Feet of the Street. The Lots to be rated according to the Convenience of their Situation, and to be sold after this April General Court, by me,

William Byrd.

THE Ship Johnston, of Liverpool, Capt. James Gildart, is lately arriv'd at York, from Angola, with 490 choice young Slaves: The Sale of them began on Tuesday the 12th Instant, and continues at York Town, by

Thomas Nelson.

A Parcel of Kersey, and plain narrow Cloth, sent from the West of England, to be sold for the Maker, by the Piece, as cheap as can be imported. Enquire of the Printer.

To the Gentlemen and Ladies,

THAT Mrs. Degraffenreidt intends to have a BALL, on Tuesday next, being the 26th Instant, and an ASSEMBLY, on Wednesday the 27th, at her House in Williamsburg; for which, Tickets will be delivered by her at her House, at any Time before the Ball or Assembly begins.

To the Gentlemen and Ladies,

THAT Mrs. Stagg proposes to have an ASSEMBLY, on Thursday the 28th, and another on Friday the 29th of this Instant, at the Capitol; for which Tickets are to be delivered out, at Half a Pistole each, at the Capitol, before the ASSEMBLIES begin: And those Gentlemen and Ladies who will favour her with their Company, are requested not to pay any Money at the Door.

Note, There will be several valuable Things set up to be raffled for.

WHEREAS the Cellar of Dr. Potter, of Williamsburg, was broke open, on Monday Night, the 10th of this Instant, and a considerable Quantity of Wine stolen from thence. Whoever will discover any of the Persons concern'd in the said Robbery, so as they be brought to Justice, shall be handsomely rewarded, by

Henry Potter.

WHEREAS several Numbers of a large and curious History, entitled, The Universal History, a Work in much Esteem among the Learned, and translated into several Languages, has been publish'd in London, containing 20 Sheets in each Number, and sold at 3 s. 6 d. a Piece. Notice is hereby given, That several of the said Numbers, are to be seen and dispos'd of, at W. Parks's, the Printer of this Paper.

RAN away lately, from the Bristol Company's Iron-Works, in King George County, a Servant Man, nam'd James Sumners, a West-Country Man, and speaks thick; he is a short thick Fellow, with short black Hair, and a Ruddy Complexion. Whoever secures the said Servant, and brings him to the said Iron-Works, or to the Hon. John Tayloe, Esq; in Richmond County, or gives Notice of him, so as he may be had again, shall be well rewarded, besides what the Law allows.

RAN away from Col. John Lewis's, in Glocester County, on the 17th Inst. a square, strong-made, thin-jaw'd Mulatto Fellow, named George. He had on a brown Cotton Jacket, and went away on a light Bay Horse, belonging to his Master, branded with a Heart. The Horse has a Black Mane and Tail.

RAN away in Company with the above-mentioned, an East-Indian, belonging to Mr. Heylin, Merchant, in Glocester: He is a well-made smell young Fellow, wore his own Hair (which he may have cut off in order to disguise himself:) He is supposed to have on an Olive-colour'd German Serge Coat, with Brass Buttons. He went away on a strong well-made Grey Stallion, branded with a Dott, belonging to his Master. They went from Col. Lewis's to Glocester Town, where they robb'd a House, and took a Pair of Pistols, a Horse-Whip, and 'tis supposed some other Things. They were seen on Monday going up King and Queen County. Whoever secures either of the fore-mentioned Servants, shall receive as a Reward, Two Pistoles; for both of them Four Pistoles, and for the Grey Stallion Two Pistoles; to be paid by

John Lewis, and John Heylyn.

N. B. The Indian had with him a light Great Coat; but the Mulatto wore it when they were seen in King and Queen.

Just Imported, from London,

A Parcel of choice Medicines; which are to be sold at reasonable Rates, by Wholesale or Retail, at Mrs. Sullivane's, in Williamsburg, by

Thomas Goodwin, Chymist.

RAN away about the latter End of last Summer, from the Subscriber, living in Williamsburg, a Servant Man, named Robert Croson, a Taylor, born in Virginia, aged about 26, a middle Stature, a pale Complexion, a sharp Nose, and a down Look. Whoever apprehends the said Servant, and brings him to me, or secures him, so that he may be had again, shall have a Pistole Reward, besides what the Law allows: And if any Person presumes to entertain him after this Publication, be it at his Peril. He work'd about 2 Months ago, at Mr. Rowland Williams's, at Ronoak.

William Wyatt.

Any Journey-men Taylors that want Employment, may meet with Encouragement from the said William Wyatt; or if any one has a Servant's Time of that Business to dispose of, he will buy on reasonable Terms.

RAN away from my House in York Town, on the 6th Instant, a Servant Man named Patrick Burk, a Sadler by Trade, born in Virginia, aged about 30, of a small Stature, brown Complexion, short black Hair, and mark'd with the Small Pox. He wore a Kersey Coat with Metal Buttons, and a Fustian Waistcoat and Breeches. He took with him, a dark Bay Horse, belonging to me, mark'd on the near Shoulder with a Heart. Whoever secures the said Servant, so as I may have him again, shall have Three Pounds Reward, besides what the Law allows.

James Mitchell.

N. B. If he be taken, and well whipt twice; I will, for each Time, give Five Shillings, besides the Reward above.

RAN away from my House in York Town, on the 6th of this Instant, a Servant Man named Richard Savage; he is a middle siz'd Man, a Taylor by Trade. He took with him, a German Serge Coat and Breeches, a red Waistcoat, a grey Cloth Bannian, lin'd with Callimancoe of Two different Colours, a Callicoe Waistcoat, 2 ruffled Shirts, a black Velvet Stock, a dark Bob Wigg, a little pinch'd up Hat, and good Shoes and Stockings. Whoever secures the said Servant, and brings him to me, shall have a Pistole Reward, besides what the Law allows, paid by

Reginald Orton.

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